HE WOULD LIKE ANSWERS FROM IVINS.

ATREFORMER WHO CLINGS TO A FAT OFFICE AND OOKS AFTER VARIOUS OTHER THINGS. Maurice B. Flynn got back from his railroad and electrical enterprises in Richmond yesterday, and there was "blood in his eye." He had read Chamberlain Ivins's manifesto in "The Times" and "The World" on Monday, in answer to Mr. Flynn's caustic testimony before the Aqueduct

Flynn's caustic testimony before the Aqueduct Investigating Committee. He said:

If Mr. Ivins has so much at heart the interests of the city, of which he claims to be a conspicuous ernament in the work of reform, why does he hold on to the office which brings him a not income of at least \$25,000 a year when he knows that the work which he performs can be some as well at a cost of not more than \$7,500 a year as an adjunct to the Controller's office? Mr. Ivins admits that his net income is over \$10,000 a year from the office of Chamberlain. Does he include in this the fees which his brother receives as searcher upon the property upon which he as Chamberlain, makes loans? Does he include in this the benefit which is received by the firm of which he is a member by reason of the manipulation of the sity balances to favorite banks? Does he also include in this the saving of office rent which he effects by occupying rooms for which the city of New-York pays considerable rental, and which the law clearly states should be paid out of his income? paid out of his income?

MR. IVINS'S FIRM AND THE PUBLIC OFFICE.

MR. IVINS'S FIRM AND THE PUBLIC OFFICE.

Will he dany that he at one time offered to make me a brager of \$250 that he would resign his place as Chamberlain on the ist of January, 1887? And will he deny that my reply was that if he did resign it would be probably because his firm had some employe who could be better spared from Hanovor Square to transact the business and therefore a greater profit from holding on to the office of Dhamberlain? Is he also ready to declare what disposition is made as between him and his nirm of the revenue derived from the office of Chamberlain, and prove it by an examination of the firm's books and his own individual ion of the firm's books and his own individua

Mr. Flynn addressed a letter to Joseph W. Kay Mr. Flynn addressed a letter to Joseph W. Kay, of "The Grand Army Review," as to the convertation at Saratoga, where, according to Mr. Flynn, ivins sought to defeat the nomination of Governor Hill. Mr. Kay replied by letter that he was in General Slocum's room at the United States Hotel. Saratoga, on the night previous to the nomination of Governor Hill in 1885. A gentleman, whom Mr. Kay afterward understood to be Mr. Ivins, and Mr. Flynn came in the room near midiright; and from the conversation, Mr. Kay says, he understood the proposition discussed to be one urging upon General Slocum his becoming a candidate before the convention for the nomination for Governor. for Governor.

Mr. Flynn's further statement is in substance follows:

His disgusting reference to myself and Hubert O. Thompson, I think will be appreciated by those who know how fawning and cringing he was to secure political recognition from Mr. Thompson, from the time he (Ivins) was Mayor Grace's private secretary in 1881 up to the time of his appointment as Chamberlain. Is it unnecessary to add any criticism upon the character of a man who thus take of the dead, when he himself admits that it was take of the personal friendship and political influence of through the personal friendship and political influence of Mr. Thempson that he secured the appointment as Judge-Advecate-General upon the Governor's staff, that he be-came a member of the Governor's military family and by that close association secured the natural confidence be-twom the members of the household to misrepresent and betray private conversations in order to accomplish some secult political purpose. Why did he seek for or accept the appointment as a member of Governor Hill's Staff, when, as everybody knew, he was opposed to Governor Hill's nomination and sought to defeat his election?

THE APPOINTMENT OF MR. ROBERTS.

The Insiders in politics will confirm the incident of Mr. Roberts's appointment and Mr. Ivins's explanation of the manner in which he obtained that appointment will

be regarded by politicians as extremely ridiculous.

I have nothing to say in regard to Mr. Grace at this time.

Mr. Grace is on the ocean and cannot reply. If he dealers to follow the example of Mr. lyins in making false and malicious attacks upon me, I think I will be prepared to treas the subject as it may deserve. In answer to Mr. Ivins's interview I have nothing further to suggest unless it be to commend the public to the editorial upon Mr. Ivins which appeared in "The Graphic" of August 17, 1888, as a reasonable and proper exemplification of his sharacter. And I would further suggest to him that he pause to be published the presentment of the Grand Jury ade at the time of their consideration of the Squire letter THE MAYOR ON SUBLETTING CONTRACTS.

Mayor Hewitt yesterday sent the following imgtant letter to Corporation Counsel Beekman: independent of Torm of Berkman:

I understand that the contracts for the construction
the new Aqueduct contain a provision that they shall
be sub-let or assigned. In the testimony taken by
the fenate Committee, of which Mr. Passett is chalrman.
And that on Saturday last Charles Peterson, a contractomatic of the second of the contract of the contr

on, and that they get 11 per cent of the proceeds of the from the city treasury and paid over to contracto in violation of their contract. If you shall think that the city can recover any of this money from the contractors, I request that proceedings shall be taken without delay to assert the rights of the city and to protect the taxpayers from further unnecessary loss, which otherwise will fall

MR RIDGWAY SAYS THERE IS NOTHING IN IT.

Commissioner Ridgway was the only member of the Aqueduct Commission present when the report of the Mayor's action reached the office of the Board. He said: "There is nothing in this matter so far as I can see that concerned the Commission. I discussed it in all its bearings with General Newton a year ago and he could see nothing illegal in it All the contractors sublet parts of their contracts. Mr. Peterson really occupies the position of a superintendent. O'Brien & Clark furnish the money and the machinery and hire the men. They are the parties responsible and the city does not recognize any other contractors. The Aqueduct Commissioners have nothing to do with men like Peterson as regards these contracts, and I do not believe that they can be held accountable for any alleged failure to protect the sountable for a city's interests.

ofty's interests."

Secretary Sheehan said that none of the other Commissioners had heard of the letter when they went away for the day. He thought that their opinions as to the question raised by the Mayor's letter were substantially the same as Commissioner Ridgway's. The Aqueduct Commission had never recognized the sub-contractors as anything but superintendents. In place of paying their salaries O'Brien & Clark had given them a sertain percentage of the contract.

POINTS OF INTEREST TO MARINERS. The monthly Pilot Chart for May, issued yesterday by the Hydrographic Bureau of the Navy Department, has much of interest in it for deep-sea navigators, coasters, and yachtsmen. It gives a list of floating obstructions, a list of those removed by the United States teamer Despatch, a forecast of the weather for May, etc. It notes that the probable ice limit this month is nearly the same as for April, and the eafer routes for tic steamships are therefore plotted well to the southward. The ice has been delayed in its southward movement by the unusual prevalence of southeasterly winds to the eastward of Newfoundland, but is now likely to appear in quantity at any time, and constitute a formidable source of danger to navigation for several months. Reports from Cape Breton and other des show that the coast is heavily ice-bound, and that the Gulf of St. Lawrence and the Northumberland Streits are filled with ice.

It is predicted that fair weather will generally pre-

vall over the North Atlantic, with occasional northerly gales along the American coast. Northers in the Gulf of Mexico will occur less frequently and be of short duration, but are likely to be of great violence. There will also be a notable increase of fog off the Grand Banks, due to the northward movement of the Gulf Stream and the southward extension of ice brought down by the Labrador current. Much attention is given to the great warm equatorial current which flows toward and along the Spanish Main into the Caribbean See and Gulf of Mexico. A bottle thrown overboard July 28, 1885, off Pernambuco, was picked up on tarch 1 on the beach at Little Cayman Island. The district distance is 3,200 miles, but it is believed that the beitle probably travelled 4,000 miles at least, and was probably on the beach two years before it was picked up. Another bettle picked up on February 10, in the longitude of Maranham, and just north of the equator, had drifted 900 miles due west in sixty days, or thirty miles a day. Other reports show a westerly current of the same strength.

TO SUR THE TILDEN ESTATE. DR. SIMMONS HAS HIS BILL DENIED.

HE WILL TRY TO RECOVER \$143,000, IT IS SAID-

REPLYING TO ATTACKS. Dr. Charles E. Simmons, of No. 742 Lexington ave. through his attorneys, Fettretch, Silkman & Seybel, has taken preliminary steps in a suit against the executors of the estate of Samuel J. Tilden to recover a book account for professional services. The amount of the claim is said to be \$143,000, and covers a perio of many years. The bill for the claim has been pre sented to the executors, and the latter have objected to it on the ground of exorbitancy, and, through their legal representatives, have appeared in court, and have moved for an order for an itemized bill of particulars. The motion will be argued to-day.

The lawyers on both sides have not considered them

selves at liberty to talk on the matter until the case has been fully brought into court. One of those inter-ested in the executor's side, however, has gone so far, in an interview, as to charge Dr. Simmons with presenting an illegal claim. The same person said that Mrs. Simmons was a relative of the sage of Gramercy Park, and that her husband was attempting to equalize matters by bringing up the account because she had been ignored in Mr. Tilden's will.

Dr. Simmons is a man of high standing in his pro fession, and enjoys a lucrative practice among the best people of New-York. In public life he is best known as a member of the Board of Charities and Correction. He said to at Tribune reporter who called on him yesterday: "I do not desire to discuss the matter of my claim against the Tilden estate in its particulars at present It is simply a fact that I have a bill for professional services on my books, and that I consider it a just one. Therefore I have presented it to the executors, and expect them to pay it. If they do not I shall bring suit with the simple intention of colfecting what is due me. The itemized account will, of course, be presented, as I acknowledge that that is no more than right. I shall try to prove that my claim is just and the merits of the case will be placed before the public. Until then I do not desire to particularize. I will say, however, that all who know the nature of the services I gave to Mr. Tilden will recognize that my demand is not exorbitant.

"I desire most positively to deny that my wife is in any way connected with the Tilden family, nor had she any reason whatever to expect a bequest from Mr. That story is simply absurd, and has no foundation whatever. I was a personal friend of Mr. for many years, as well as his trusted medical adviser. I neglected the rest of my practice for years in order to devote my professional energies entirely to him. I lived day after day ready at his beck and call to go to him, and when he sent for me I never knew whether I should be back in an hour or a week. I saw him every day uptil his death, and was with him when he died. Some of the executors knew this as well as I do, and

their actions appear strange to me.

"It is certain that the situation is not one which Mr.

"It is certain that the situation is not one which Mr. Tilden would have been centent with. He died s Tilden would have been centent with. He died suddenly, two days after seeming to be in good health, and had not time to arrange many things which he intended to arrange before his death. He was a careful, deliberate, slowgoing man, and put off things from time to time until it was too lafe. If I mistake not, there is a clause in his will in which he intimated that he desired to give additional instructions to his executors at some future time. It seems to me that some of those who have attacked me in the present matter have shown deedled antagonism to the Board of Charities and Correction at all times, and have seized this opportunity to stoop to personalities."

FRANK MORDAUNT AND HIS TROUBLES. WE EXPLAINS HIS FINANCIAL DISABILITIES IN SUP-PLEMENTARY PROCEEDINGS.

Frank Mordaunt, the actor, lately of Fanny Daven port's "La Tosca" troupe, purged himself from contempt by appearing for further examination in supplementary proceedings in the Court of Common Pleas yesterday in accordance with the order of Judge Book-He was questioned by Edwin R. Leavitt, counsel for Miss Emma C. Woodbridge, who claims 872 57 under a judgment obtained against Mr. Mordaunt for music lessons given to his little daughter in 1882. The examination went on as follows:

Q.—How much salary have you carned since your last examination—since March 197 A.—About 6750, being the amount of salary paid under my contract with Mr. Q .- Have you received any of the salary? A .- I sup-

pose I have had a few dollars to spend.
Q.-Where did you get those few dollars to spend?
A.-From Mrs. Mordsunt. Mr. Price has paid my salary to my wife each week from the beginning of my engagement to the end. It was so paid to her personally, except on one or two occasions, when I drew it myself for

"swell," but nothing besides that.

This closed the examination. Mr. Mordaunt was
the had had a great deal of trouble and that at present
he was totally unable to pay the debt, but he promised
that as soon as it was possible for him to do so he
would settle it.

THE DEREVIERA FAILURE.

Justice Patterson, of the Supreme Court, has granted an order for a commission to examine Salvador Ros. at the suit of the St. Nicholas Bank against Henry C. DeReviera & Co. to set aside their assignment on the ground of fraud. Res is one of the firm. The suit was brought on a judgment of over \$5,000. It is alloged that Ros, in executing the assignment, signed the firm name without authority.

COURT CALENDARS-TO-DAY. COURT OF APPRAIS—HELD IN SUPREME COURT GENERAL TERM ROOM—Before Ruger, C. J., Andrews, Karl, Dauford, Finch, Feekham and Gray, JJ—Nos. 640, 871, 698, 861, 866 844, 1289, 1278. SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—PART I.—Before Beach, J.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPERINE COURT—SPECIAL TERM—PART II.—Adjourned until Saturday, May 5.

SUPERINE COURT—SPECIAL TERM—PART II.—Adjourned until Saturday, May 5.

SUPERINE COURT—Before Ransom, S.—Will of Daniel R. Isyady, 16:30 a.m.; will of Michael kvans, 10 a.m.; will of John Connor, 12 m. Testimony to be taken before the Probate Clerk: Probate of the wills of Thomas Morreil, 10 a.m.; M. m. E. M. Carrell, 10 a.m.; M. McAlpin, 10 a.m.; M. E. E. Haffield, 11 a.m.; G. N. Willeta, 3 p. m. SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—PART I.—Before Dugro. J.—Adjourned for the term.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—Before Bookstaver, J.—No day calendar.

CITY COURT—GENERAL TERM—Before Nebrbas, McGown and Pitshke, J.—Appeals from orders: Nos. 1, 8, 4. Appeals from judgments. Nos. 2, 4, 6, 6.

CITY COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART I.—Before Pitshke, J.—Adjourned for the term.

CITY COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.—Before Pitshke, J.—Adjourned for the term.

CITY COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.—Before Browne, J.—No day calendar.

CITY COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.—Before Browne, J.—Adjourned for the term.

CITY COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.—Before Browne, J.—No day calendar.

CITY COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.—Before Roowne, J.—No day calendar.

CITY COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.—Before Roowne, J.—No day calendar.

CITY COURT—TRIAL TERM—PART II.—Before Roowne, J.—No day calendar.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—PART II.—Before Recorder Smyth and Assistant District Autorney Dawson.—Nos. 1 to 24 inchusive. Inclusive.
CeURT OF GENERAL BERSIONS—PART II.—Before Recorder Smyth and Assistant District Attorney Davis.—No. 1 to 8 inclusive.
Court of General Sessions—Part III.—Before Martine.
J. and Assistant District Attorney Bedford.—Nos. 1 to 15 inclusive.

inclusive.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER—Before Patterson, J. and
District-Atterney Fellows.—No. 1. THE APPEAL IN THE CIGNARALE CASE.

The appeal of Chiara Cignarale, the Italian woman sendeath for the murder of her husband, Antonio day. She was jointly indicted with Antonio D'Andrea, and the evidence showed that on October 20, 1886, she shot her husband in the back with a pistol. William P. Howe appeared for the appellant and Assistant District-Howe appeared for the appellant and Assistant District-Attorney McRenzie Semple for the people. Mr. Howe argoed that the conviction was against the weight of evidence, saying that the people had claimed on the trial that his client had done the shooting pursuant to an' agreement with D'Andrea, and that she was to marry him after her husband was killed. While the jury, which con-victed Chiars, upheld this theory, the jury which tried TRAndrea acquitted him on necessity the same evidence. D'Andrea sequitted him on precisely the same evidence. He maintained also that the Court having accepted a plea of guilty for a minor grade of an effence, and having subsequently allowed it to be withdrawn, the defendant could not be convicted of a crime of a higher grade.

Mr. Semple in reply combatted the points made by Mr.

Howe. He said that the pies of guilty in the second degree, at first interposed for the defendant, did not constitute an acquittal of the crime of murder in the first degree.

The decision was reserved.

MME DISS DEBAR CONFESSES.

ONLY ONE OF THE CHIDREN HER OWN. AN EXCITING SCENE IN THE TOMBS COURT-THE

TWO GIRLS PUT IN MR. GERRY'S CARE. An interesting phase in the life and adventures of "Madame Diss Debar," which was totally unexpected to the public, came up in the Tombs court yesterday. She declared under oath before Police Justice Kilbreth, that the child, Lola Alice, was not her own daughter, and that she had adopted Alice when she was a baby. No new husband was brought to light and this state ment of the medium's may be true on the theory that out of many lies this may be the exception that proves her rule of falsification. The occasion was a hearing, adjou.ned from last week, to inquire whether Madame Ann O'Delia Editha Lola Messant Diss Debar, etc. etc., and her partner, "General" Diss Debar, were the proper people to have custody of the two children. Lola Alice Messant and Julia Diss Debar, who have been in the care of the Society for the Prevention of

Cruelty to Children for the last few days. The hearing opened at 9:30 a.m. Those present were John D. Townsend and ex-Senator Boyd, who appeared for the Diss Debars, and Commodore Elbridge T. Gerry and Mr. Hummel, who represented the society, The gallant Commodore first addressed Justice Kil-breth, holding the complaint under one arm. Mr. Gerry said that the hearing was to consider the proper custody of the two children held by the society. He had affidavits made by George T. C. Salomon, their uncle, and Mr. Stocking, of the society. Mr. Townsend said that his clients wanted an explanation.
Madame Diss Debar had been placed in the Tombi through no fault of hers, but while there she had taken care of the children. They could produce a man in court, James E. Corr, who had received from Madame

Diss Debar money for that purpose.

Justice Kilbreth-You mistake the question at issue,
I think. It is not a question of money, but of morality. The complaint is that these people are not morally the

Mr. Townsend-It is strange that the society should undertake the care of these children. I supposed that the society took charge of children whose parents were unable to care for them. Because Madame DisaDebar is a spiritualist, is she unfit to take care of her children? THE LEGAL QUESTION AT ISSUE.

Commodore Gerry stopped this by explaining the The society was not on trial, but the point was whether the case of the children came under the section of the Penal Code which applies to infants found in a condition in which their morals are likely to be injured." The complaint was that the woman was living in open adultery, was an inmate of the city prison and that the children were homeless. Mr. Townsend—We have a lot of Comstocks and El-bridge T. Gerry institutions which persecute people who are down. It may be a question of money. A lot of so-called friends of Luther R. Marsh are determined to drive this poor woman to the wall.

Mr. Gerry-I have not seen Mr. Marsh for a month.

Here Madame Diss Debar announced that she wanted to go on the stand. She testified that she had lived with the "General" since 1879. Joseph H. Diss Debar was the father of the younger child. Lola Alice was fifteen years old and Julia, called Toto, six years and five months. Commodore Gerry then got what he had evidently been anxious for, a chance to cross-examine the ponderous medium. In answer to his questions she testified that her children never knew a want; that while in the Tombs she had sent a man \$50 a month to take care of them.

Q.-Who is the father of your elder child? A.-I de-

line to answer.

Justice Kilbreth-You can refuse to answer if it would degrade or criminate you. A.-It cannot degrade me.
Q.-Would it criminate you? A.-It would not. I am under oath and would die rather than tell a lie.
MAKING A CONFESSION.

MARING A CONFESSION.

The interest was intense. The medium turned toward the kindly Judge and asked: "Must I answer? Toll me what to do!"

"You must answer," replied Justice Kilbreth kindly. For a moment she looked up and twisted her hands nervously. Then with some emotion she exclaimed:

It is not my child at all. She was a little waif. I am

serry for this, for I love her as though she were my own child. I took her from disgraced parents when she was three years old, and have cared for her ever since. Here, Your Honor, is the burial certificate of the child of Paul Noel Messant and myself. She was buried in the Pere la Chaise, in Paris, and she is the child Salomon mistook for Lola. Her father and mother lived within a stone's throw of this building. The mother is dead, but the father is alive and a drunkard. They had other children, but there is nothing for you to do there, Mr. Gerry. You

would not get their names if you asked them.
Q.-Why can't Lois read or write? A.-Strange that
I should have a letter from her here. She did not ge to

SUFFERING SOMEWHAT FROM NERVOUS PROSTRA-TION-RUMORS CONTRADICTED.

The many friends of President Barnard, of Columbia College, were greatly surprised yesterday to read in one of the papers that he was suffering from the effects of a paralytic shock; that he had been falling for years; and that in consequence, he was about to resign the presidency, since he had done little except in an advisory line during the last five years. The following facts in regard to the matter were learned from an author dent Barnard is at present recovering from a severe nervous prostration, the result of a two weeks' trip to Florida taken a month ago. He is now preparing his annual report of the college, which will be pro sented next Monday to the trustees, and although he is not yet able to go to the college, he is strong enough to ride in the park on pleasant days. During the twentyfour years of his presidency, he has always been active and energetic, but never more so than during the last five years. His present illness dates only from the last of December, when, one day, he slipped and fell on the ice in front of his house. Since then he has spent most of the time in his house, but by no means inactive there, planning for and advising with the other college authorities constantly, and attending nearly all the trustees' meetings. During the last few months

all the trustees' meetings. During the last few months he has also been engaged in writing articles for different periodicals, among them being "Warfare Against Society" in "The Forum," and articles in "The Chautauquan."

A member of his family, in speaking to the reporter, and that Dr. Barnard had for a long time been in consultation with the trustees of the college in regard to choosing his successor, and had already written a number of letters to different educators upon the subject. There has been some talk of Fresident Barnard's remaining to complete the twenty-fifth year in the presidency, which would occur in June, 1869, but he himself has nover expressed any such desire.

ALDERMEN TRYING TO A VOID VETOES.

The amendment introduced at the last meeting of the Board of Aldermen which changes Section 5 of Article II of Chapter 2, Revised Ordinances, so that resolutions of request (as to the Governor, Legislature, etc.) need not be sent to the Mayor for approval or disapproval, came up before the Board yesterday. Prosident Forster thought it so important a matter that he came down from his perch to advocate it. He thought that there was no precedent for submitting resolutions which contained simply the sense of the Aldermen regarding public question, or the action of the Legislature or the Governor as to a certain bill, to the Mayor. Prior to Mayor Hewiti's administration such had not been the practice, he said, and he thought it improper that it should be left to the clerk to decide, as was the present custom, what should be sent to the Mayor and what should not. After Aldermen Conkling, Storm and Fitzsimmons had given their views, the amendment was adopted without a division.

FORMAL TRANSFER OF EXPRESS BUSINESS. The express business of the Central Railroad of New-Jersey was transferred from the Adams to the United States Express Company yesterday. The general terms of the contract have been published and the formal transof the centract have been published and the formal transfer did not result in more explicit information. Officers of the railroad company expressed great satisfaction at the increased revenues that the change would bring to it. President Platt, of the United States Express Campany, and that the yellow and red wagons had been seen at Long Branch for the first time, and for some reason that he did not explain, he seemed to derive considerable satisfaction from the fact. Long Branch has been the territory of the Adams Company, and, as is is the home of

WONDERFUL PROFITS.

THE LARGE INCOMES WHICH ARISE FROM THE DISCOVERY OF NEW PRINCIPLES-A CASE IN

Financial Ezchange

ventors have been enormous, but the wealth which has so crued to hundreds of others who shared in these inventions has been still more. Edison's incandescent electric light has been greater than a gold mine, and the men who are are to be found on every hand. But unquestionably the most valuable discovery eyer made by Mr. Edison is Polyform. Scientists, physicians and others who have investi-gated it declare it marks a new era in an age of narcotics. sorbed by overtaxed and nervous people. There is nothing more dangerous, nothing more fatal. It is the beginning more dangerous, nothing more fatal. It is the beginning of a living death. But Edison's Polyform, being an external application, accomplishes all the results of an ansesthetic and without the possibility of an injury. Combined with tepil water and rubbed upon the body it has a more soothing effect than any harcotic or than electricity. In the hospitals, in the wovernment service and throughout the land Edison's Polyform is spreading health and power and bringing wealth to all connected with it. It is not a patent medicine but a selectific discovery, and is yet. not a patent medicine but a scientific discovery, and is un-doubtedly destined to become as standard an aid to humanity as quinine or spirits.

Vice-President Hoey, of that company, it may be presumed that the advent of the United States Company was a substantial victory.

ARRESTED FOR SWINDLING FARMERS. THE COLLAPSE OF THE LIVE STOCK MUTUAL BENE-

FIT ASSOCIATION RECALLED. A dispatch from Birmingham, Conn., yesterday ancounced the arrest there of H. A. Sterling, agent for the New-York Live Stock Mutual Benefit Association, of 265 Broadway, charged with issuing fraudulent policies. Storling in default of \$1,000 ball was held in fail. The Live Stock Mutual Benefit Association had offices for a year at No. 265 Broadway, but three menths ago the concern collapsed and the officers disappeared. The president of the company was Louis . McKenzie, who formerly lived at No. 94 Clintonave., Brooklyn, and the secretary, George T. Keith, of Olean, N. Y.

After their departure a great many people called to inquire about policies held by them, but got no satisfaction. The company, however, still keeps a lock box at the Post Office and somebody collects a good deal of mail for it. The Post Office authorities say that they will investigate to see if the mails are being used for swindling purposes. The janitor of No. 265 used for swindling purposes. The janitor of No. 265 said yesterday that McKenzie was employed by Bloomingdale Brothers at Fifty-eighth-st, and Third-ave., but inquiry at that establishment failed to show his name on the roll of employes. It is believed that the victims of the company number several thousand.

"There have been several live stock insurance companies started in this city recently," said a stock man yesterday, "but they have all gone under with loss to their policy-holders. The business is a peculiar one, it can't be done at a reasonable figure and profit the farmer and the less farmers have to do with such concerns, the better off they will be."

FIRE INSURANCE MEN NOT EXCITED.

Yesterday afternoon an exciting article was published on the fire insurance situation, in which it was stated that insurance men were mad and that "stockholders were threatening to throw companies into liquidation." Anybody who knows anything about fire insurance matters in this city is aware that this story is of the sensational order. In the first place, it takes a good deal to make insurance men mad and in the second place stockholders who have been getting dividends of 10 per cent or more for years are not likely to be foolish enough to throw into liquidation the company or companies paying them these dividends. This story stated that Franklin Webster, editor of an insurance paper, had lot the cat out of the bag" in one instance and " gave away" the secret that a liquidation petition was being privately circulated for signatures.

A reporter for The Tribune called upon Mr. Webster, who said: "I have not been the custodian of any secret and consequently did not give any secret away. In the published story the cat and bag are both lacking. Moreover, I had no interview of any kind with any reporter on this subject. This whole story in which I have been made to figure prominently comes to me as a complete surprise.

THE BROKEN NEWBURG BANKERS.

Newburg, May 1 (Special).—An inventory and schedule of assets and liabilities of the defunct banking and insurance firm of John R. Wiltsie & Son were to-day filed in the County Clerk's office at Goshen. They show nominal assets of \$250,000 and the claims of creditors about \$106,000. The assignee's bond was fixed at only \$2,000. Wiltsle & Pollock, the firm members, are yet in jail here. A story is told of one of their women victims having died from brooding

Chi St P M & O Coi Coal & I Co	873	384	414 375 529 754	384 53 754	100 200	1,000	1,000 82	Ohio Southern
Canada South	52% 75%	754	62%	53	180	1,00093	con income	1,000105½ 1,000105½ 5,00038½ Oregon Shert Line
	75	76%	754	7.6	20,020	Am Dock & Imp 58	Trust receipts 15,00021	5.000 1054
Chasi Gal Co. Che & Northwesters. Central of N. Del Lack& Westers. Delaware & Hudson.	1114	85%	11174	212 853	20,020 70 0 70	Breeklyn Elevated	International coup 5.000	Oregon Shert Line
Central of N J.	84 1815	132	1314	131.	11,920	4.000 1065	5,000 67%	19,000 105%
Delaware & Hudson	109%	1097	1007	1097 277 104	750	Baltimore & Ohio	1.000128	Oregon improvems
ET V & GA ET V & 6 24 Drf Ft W & D C	10%	10%	277 10% 23%	10-6	100	3,000 1093 Chic R I & Pac 5s coupon 2,000 1064 5,000 1065 1,000 1065 40,000 1065 Brestated	Han & St Jo Cons	1,000 lat 0regen & Trans
ET V & 6 2d pri	373	272	3794	23°4 87°4	100	Chic R I & Pac be	Jeff R R lat	GA Trade
KC & Om lst	373 983 683 813 163	7 2	933	944	9.510	2,000 0 106 4	2.000 1023	Feo Dec & Evans
Lake Shore	687	94	93 % 58 % 81 % 15 %	59%	9,510 1,280	1,000 106 %	1st con	1st
Ma Paoine	16	164	15 to	83%	100	40,000 100%	3,000 1064	5,000195
Manhattan Cen	864 824 624	82 5 44 5 52 4	964	964	110 110 7,430	Registered	Kanss Pacine 6s	Evansville div 5,000
Mich Cen	44 4	44 2	43%	824 44 524	7,430	10,000 B & B of G a	10,000 110	Rich and Danville
Ft W & B C. KC & Om Isb Lake Shore Lewis A Nashville. Ms. Facine. Ms. Facine. Ms. Kan & Tel. Menhattan Gen. Mich Cen. N Y & N E. Ner Facine st. N Y O & W n! N Y O & W n! New Yerk Contrai Orto Truns Onle & M.	48%	493.1	52-4 48-4 17-4 107-4	491		Registered 10,000	Kentucky Cent 185	See and Danville See See
NYOR W	173	108	17%	175 175 1973	200 110	2,000 1004	18,00070	5,000 115
New York Contral	25%	25%	20%	20.84	280	2,000 . 100 \(\) 5,000 . 99 \(\) 5,000 . 88 \(\) 3,000 . 99 \(\) Col ince \(\) & Millist \(\) 1,000 . 120 \(\) con Pac \(\) & Col Pac \(\) & Col ince \(\) & Min \(\) is \(\) & Min \(\) is \(\) & Min \(\) is \(\) & Col ince \(\) & TG Min \(\) & Col ince \(\) & TG Min \(\) & Col ince \(\) & TG Min \(\) & So \(\) & TG Min \(\) & So \(\) & TG Min \(\) & So \(\) & TG Min \(\) & So \(\) & TG Min \(\) & So \(\) & TG Min \(\)	cousel	Trust receipts
Ohio & M	994	2214	924	224 224 274	200	3,000984	2,000	1.000 554
Ohle & M. P D & Ev. Pacific Mail Phila & Resultin. Rich & W F Texas Pacific. Tean C & Iron Union Facific. Wis Cen. West. U. Tel. Wab St L & P Wab St L & P	874	38 4 26 4 28 4 28 4	213 373 633	37%	1,000	6,690	8,000 110	Rome, Waso
Philad Resting	64 4	264	254	05.7	11 050	Chie & Mil 1st	lake Erio & West	2,000 1037
Texas Paotac	254	28 4	95 V	27° 28° 67° 19°	870 100 1,290 180	Con Pac G'd 6s '96	10,000 1075	Bich & W P
Tenn C & Iron	281 574 19 784	484	57 V	67	1,290	Chi St P & Min 1st	5,000114	Hich & WP term tr Ss 1,000 904 8t L & I Mount Cairo & Fulton 1st 5,000 1644 8t L & San Fran Gen Migo
Wis Cen	19	130.00	10		6,120	#.0001221g	L S 2d coupen 1243	Catro & Fulton 1st
West, U. Tel	154	1512	777.	1522	150	Col Hoe V & LO M	3,000 125	0,000 1044
Wab St L&P pref	29	20	29	29		2.00070	Trust bend da	Gen Migo
Total shares soid	*********			*****	20,495	SF	1,000 10914	10 000 56
	BONI	08.				Canada Southern	Lake Shore 1st reg	12,000 1034
The Break I	941.1		9414	9410	6,000	Col Hoe V & TG M 2.00070 C C C & Ind Cous S P 2.00019 Canada Southera 1st gVd 1.0001062s Chie Bur & Quinor Neb Ext 4s 30,00092 Ches Ohio Iss	Long Dock 18	Gen Mgo 5s 10,000 195% 12,000 103% trust 5s 10,000 97% 6t P Min & Man 1st consolidated 6s 3,000 118
Erie 2d con	50%	99 12 85	2414 991 ₂ 8414	99 5	5,000	Chic Bur & Quincy	(& M H 50	St P Min & Man let
Ft W & D C lat	363	36% 63	3634	35 4	12.000 5.000 7.000	Nob Ext 45	Bo Minn div	3,000118
Hocking Valley	69	69	61	89	7.000	Ches & Ohio 1st	1,000 1124	5an A & A P 1st 6s
At & Pac inc. Eric 2d con. Eric 2d con. Fr W & D C lat. Green Bay Hocking Valley M K & T 5a bt J & G I lat. Tex Pac lat new de 2d Tex Pacific tr. do scrip pref. W N Y & P 2d.	103	103 1	103 1	103	7,000 4,000 .28,000	Series A Coupons off	2,000 110%	conselidated 6s 3,000
Tex Pac 1st new	02%	824	43%	925	58.000	2,000	Me Kan & Texas	St L Ark and Tex
Tex Pacific tr	7219	721 ₉ 83	435 725 33	724	58,000 5,000 7,100 3,500	Ches & Ohlo	10.000613	1.000x198
WNY & P 2d	40	40	40	40	3,500	Reorganizing Certs	Mo Kan & Terms	lat
Total amount						Det Mack& M 1st	Gen'l fis	Trust receipts
	******					Eliz Lex & BS 0s	10.000. 6114 4.000. 6014 Mo Kan & Texas Gen'l 6s 10.0006914 3.000. 6854 7.000. 6859 Mutuai Un Tei 6s 10.000.xi. 901 Morris & Essex las	20 000 -1 00
	IMIMU S					4,000 974	Mutual U'n Tel 91	Tex rac Islo (Pde
Amador	2.80	2.35	2.30	2.36	1,500 150 600	FortWorth and DC	10,000 x1 90 2	Trust receipts
Bulwer	82	.82	.82	.82 .23 1.55	600	14.00084	guaranteed	Tel St Land K C'y
Claveland Tin	1.60	1.65	1.55	1.55	1,800 500 150	15,000 84 %	N Y Lake E & W'a	7.00093%
Con. Ca & Va	14.00 1	1.00		14.60	180	6.000 84 %	new 2d consor	Toledo A A & N M
Exchequer	1.00	1.90	1.90	1.00	100	7.000 84	# Suranteed 3,000 136's 3 Y Lake E & W's new 2d cousto 16,000	1000 100
Amador Bullion Bullion Bullion Bullion Bullion Brunswick Cleveland Tin Con. Ca & Va Dunkin Excheduer El Cristo Goulde Curry Hales Nor Kossuth Julia Pronstile P ymonth Rappahanneck Sutro Tunnol Bosopies Bosopies	4.90	2.30 4.90	4.90	4,80	100	Ches & Onlo Reorganizing Certs 8,000, 674 Det Mack& Mist 5,000, 38 Eliz fex & B S 64 4,000, 974 1,000, 974 1,000, 84	99,000	4,000. x. 90.4 Tex Fac Rio 0'de Trist receipts 2,000. 72.4 Toledo A A &N M 1,000. 104 Tex & Pac con 6e Trist Receipts 15,000. 103 Toledo & Ohio Cen 2,000. 98.5 3,000. 103 Toledo & Ohio Cen 2,000. 116 Utal Southern Ext 1,000. 128 1,000. 116 Wast Shore 6 daranteed 4s 30,000. 103 Registered 3,900. 103 Wascling and E E 5,000. 96.5 3,000. 96.5 3,000. 96.5 3,000. 96.5 3,000. 96.5 3,000. 96.5 3,000. 96.5 3,000. 96.5 3,000. 96.5 3,000. 96.5 3,000. 96.5
Hale& Nor	9.124	9.12	9.124	2123	100	63,00085	N Y Elevated lat	15.000 Les
Julia	.60	-60 1	1.85	1.40 9.50	1.200	12,00084 4	Northern Pag lat	Toledo & Ohio Cen
Pronatile	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	1,200	16,00084%	Coupon 1184	2,000 9812
Rappahanneck	.13	.13	.13	.13 (350	Great Western	Nor & West	Truck Pacific lat
Scorpies	.95	.13 .20 .95	.19	.95	200	10,000 84% 10,000 85 Great Western 1at	10.00094	'99
Security	.26	.26	.26	.55	1,000	Trust receipts 5,000 xi 89 to 8 kay W & St P Income	Coupon 6,0001454 Nor & West extended 4s 10,00094 N W 25 year deben 5,0001.1044s N Y Centil	12,000 116
Silver Queen	.04	.04	.04	.04	1.006	Income	5,000 xi 104 4	let
Sulver Cliff	3.25	3. ZO . I	8.93	.04 .07 8.25	4.800	1.0003612	N Y Contil	West Shore
Scotplea Security Silver Cord Silver Queen Silver Cliff Santiago Vellow Jacket	7.625	7.62 4	7.624	7.62 191	100	30.000564	50,000 1334	Sugaranteed 4s
Total sales				1	20,350	1,000 36 1,000 36 1,000 36 1,000 36 1,000 36 1,000 36 1,000 36 1,000 121 5 1,000 122 Nethern Pacific 30 0,000 122 Nethern Pacific 30 0,000 92	lat Registered 50,000 13334 Nor Pac 2d cosp 6,000 1054s Wabash G M 6s	Registered
Tarana Unidon		d			-	165 1915	Trust receipts	Wheeling and L E
CLOSING PRI	CES OF					6.000 121%	Trust receipts 4,000.x1., 43 Wab St L & Pas	s non let
			n, May			Northern Pacific	Chicago div	3,000 6612
Yesterday	To-day.		Yes	terday.	ro-day	3d coup	Chicago div Trust Receipts 12,600xi58%	2.000963
A & Top R R 945	96%	com Con	at R A	194	19	5,000 92 1		
A & Ton. let 7s 1204 A & Top R P 944 Boston & Alba'y 198 Bost & Maino 211	210	VIII Ce	nt R 18	884	3849	CLOSING PRICE	S OF PHILADEL	PHIA STOCKS.
	10.00			W10. 1	The second second			

THE TREASURY'S PURCHASES OF BONDS.

The Treasury to-day purchased \$1,400,000 bonds

-\$1,350,000 4s at 126a126 1-2 and \$50,000 4 1-2s

Tuesday, May 1-p. m.

Bid Asked

Pennsylvania. 137 337 Surfate. N. T. & Phila. Lenigo vaney. 527 53 North racine 608 32 32 316 Oregon Trans.

* Ex-div. 2's per cent.

yesterday's figures.

CLOSING PRICES OF CALIFORNIA STOCK.

San Francisco, May 1, 1888.

NOT TO BE KEPT DOWN.

STOCKS ARE STILL GOING UPWARD.

MANY DEPRESSING INFLUENCES-INDEPEND-

ENCE OF FOREIGN MARKETS. SALES AT THE STOCK EXCHANGE-MAY 1. THE GENERAL LIST.								above suspicion had little appreciable effect the ostentatious announcement that the Per vania Railroad had reduced its half-yearly
Actual Sales Cleating. No.							dend from 3 to 2 1-2 per cent had a greater e	
STOCKS.		-	Low's	Pinal		Ask'd	sold	It was forgotten for the moment that the dec
Albany & Pos.			-		-	155		tion of a 3 per cent dividend six months ago
A Top & S F	94	N3551	3550	1073	94	95		excused by President Roberts on the groun
Buff R& Pitte.					40	50		unusual prosperity. He distinctly stated
BORA Nor	023	533		534	884	534	3,780	that meeting that the increase might not be
Canada Pacific	604	804	- CONT.	604	3	E27 82	100	tained. It was reported that the increase
Central of NJ.	88%	844	83 4	84	83 %	84 v 324 14	2,400	made only to satisfy the European holders o
Central Pacific		::			14	14	****	stock, who thought the profits from the bus
Chesa U lat pt				**	3,5	5		had not been fairly divided. The rate of divi
Thie & Ait	1 //53	::		::	135	140	===	has not exceeded 5 per cent for several years
the All pri.	11113	1124	nii	112	160	1184	8,578	The apparent reduction was used however
Chie & NW pr	760	1200			764	76%	****	The apparent reduction was used, however, all it was worth, and the bear faction ins
CM& StP pre		761 ₅	1164	1164	1164	116%	34,405	strenuously that the business of all the t
CSt L& Pitts.	10000		1	**	35	3712	****	strenuously that the business of all the t lines was waning. There was less talk a
Cat La r pref	41	1100	1107	110%	110	111	4,150	troubles over export rates, and the recent
CatP M 20 pri	124	1364	1247	1254	124 5	125	110 280	gestion that the Vanderbilt interests were in full accord with the present movement
CRIA Pacific	90	90	110% 124% 114% 90	90	114	114 12	300 100	entirely ignored. In spite of the English holi the reduction of the Pennsylvania dividend
I SEL &Chie	1000	**	**	**				the reduction of the Pennsylvania dividend
Wash & Bal.	1.	**			714	4 6	1	other apparently bearish influences, the ms closed, on an average, from 1-2 to 3-4 per
Heve & Pitts	12	6	54		160	6	1,500	higher. St. Paul exceptionally gained 1 per
ol H V & Tol	51	51	50%	50%	503	924	300	and persons of a cynical disposition suggested
Chic & E Ili	1 42	4212	423	935	93	93	100	the comparative depression in the general ma was to enable the short interest in St. Pau
Del La & Wee.	934	133	927 927 1815	131%	1314	1317	14,035	protect itself. It is doubtful, however, if
Del & Hud	109 %	110	109%	100.	100 4	109%	630	advantage was used to its fullest extent.
Deny & Rio Gr	534	534	584	5314	534	54	100 226	WHAT WAS DONE IN BONDS.
onb& SC	ė	ö	Ġ.	76	75	iö	100	Government bonds were quiet at the Be
East Tenn	10%			10%	10%	10%	1,110	but the bids for the 4s were advanced 1-4
ETenn let pr E Tenn 2d prf.	23	234	23	2812	25.00	231	1,306	cent to correspond with the price at which
Evans & TR.				196	86	38% 10%		Treasury buys them. There practically is
reen day	37%	39	37	39	104	10%	1,200	market for the sale of Governments at cur
Freen Bay prof	1912	1919	19 4	194	11	20	100	figures, except such as is furnished by the T ury. Annexed are the closing quotations:
Il Cent	123	123	1225	1224	122 12	1228	225	
and B & W	134	134	1829	1319	13	18%	100	Bid. Ask ! Bid.
Cing & cem	36 4	371	11.5	374	36%	37 4 15%	1,200	Bid. Ask. 1 U.S. 4 bs. 1891, reg. 196 bs. 168 a. U.S. car. 6s. 1896. 123 bs. U.S. 4 bs. 1891, car. 107 bs. 107 bs. 107 bs. 107 bs. 107 bs. 123 bs. U.S. 4a. 1997, reg. 126 bs. 126 bs. 108 car. 6s. 1899. 123 bs. U.S. 4a. 1897, can. 126 bs. 203 bs. 3. car. 6s. 1899. 123 bs. U.S. car. 6s. 1895. 121 bs. 101 bs. Col. 3-35 s. 117
E& W prid.	***				154 484 945 925 595	16%	e 1/1/2	U. 44. 1907 reg. 126 126 4 U.S. cur. 6a, 1898 128 4 U.S. 44. 1997.con, 126 4; 264. W.S. car. 6a, 1898 128 4
ake Shore	934	94 %	93 4	941	925	94%	8,845	U.S. cur. 6a 1895 1214 Dist. Col. 3-15 a 117
ouis & Nash.	69	60%	9112	597	34	88	18,641	
ouis & Nash. LNA & Chie. fanhattanCon	97	97	96 %	985	961 ₄	984	1,850	*Ex interest. State bonds were dull, with sales only of Sc
fanhat Beach.	8212	8234	824	894	81%	\$210	300	Carolina 6s non-fundable at 4 1-4. There
LS& W ort.	**				91	85 12 95	****	no transactions in city bank stocks.
d 85 1	9.4	94	94	94	9	9 %	100	A well distributed business was done in
Ca Bt Lott	154	15%	154	154	154	18	1,015	way bonds, but the large transactions were fined to a few issues. Fort Worth and De
fo Pacific	824	83%	15 tg 81 tg	154 824	82% 94	83	8,845	firsts were largely traded in between 84 and
forms & Ka	140	140	140	7812	1100000	137	40	closing at 85, against 84 yesterday. Atla
U AStL	78%	78 kg	107	108	108	1084	1,093 200	and Pacific incomes were active within a rang 1.2 per cent, but closed the same as last even
YUASIL	163	164 694	164	18 4	16%	16 ¹ 2	200	Missouri, Kansas and Texas issues were q
YCASIL nre YCASIL nre YLE&W ur'	16 ² 683 17 ³	100 (1779)	27% 60%	28 60 h	28	284	18,500	and 1-4a1-2 per cent easier. Rock Island
Y LEAW or	604	61	43%	4414	441	413,	23,900	were in demand at 106 1-4a106 3-8, but Burl ton and Quincy 4s; Nebraskas, dragged at
Y & NH	175	17%		174	215	291 1734	1 000	New-York. Chicago and St. Louis 4s were firm
Y&NE Y&NH YO&W	939	912	17 ¹ 2 91 314 194	31%	1374	9 4	200	New-York, Chicago and St. Louis 4s were firm 90. Central Railroad and Banking Company
I SEW DE.	31% 19% 48%	91 ₂ 317 ₈	1934	21.1 (%)	26.1 40	95 32 195	150	Georgia collateral 5s sold ex-interest at 1
or & West	4819	194	40.4	1914	493	49.4	4.880	Toledo, Ann Arbor and North Michigan f
orth Panine	524	2514 524 224	25 514 22	254 524 224	524	254 624	12,575	98 34a99. West Shore 4s were firm at Toledo, Ann Arbor and North Michigan f rose 1 per cent to 104. Gulf, Colorado and So
hio & Miss	22				524 224 13 537	220	1,100	Fe firsts sold up to 122, and the os to 94
hio South	637	58%	63%	58%	63T.	13	450	For further information reference is made to detailed statement of all bond sales.
r R& N	93%	25	63% 93% 25	9414 25% 21	94 4 25 4 21	944 254 214	1,295 10,407	Of unlisted scourities dealt in at the Stock
regon Trans	21	91		21	21	214	110	change, Cotton Seed Oil certificates sold (2,
Dec & By	637 931 251 21 21 637	844 1544	21 21 68 %	924 644 1544	54 4	84 % 185	35,150 100	at 32 1-2a31 7-8. Georgia Pacific seconds (\$1,
ttt FtW & Cb	1544	1427	104 4	1644	1424	1424	100	at 47. Texas and Pacific new (\$56,000) at 92 1-2, and seconds (\$25,000) at 43 3-4644
r Car Co	120.3	B	MACOUNT.	mark 13	100	4 4 4	200	Chitagas Cas (100) at 9, 10 Duluth South S

| E. S. & worth | Sale | Sale

8,090 557 500 1,200 REPORTS FROM WASHINGTON. The United States Treasurer at Washington received to-day \$570,000 National bank notes for 160

redemption.

The customs receipts were \$682,879, and the internal revenue receipts were \$343,302.

To-day's Washington Treasury statement of cash on hand and deposits in bank compares with the figures of the last previous statement as follows: 70 100 April 80.

independence of European support but also its strength in the face of unfavorable local influences.

The occurrence of a bank holiday in London

Merry Chimneysweeps' Day-was used as a pre-text for lower prices at the New-York Stock Ex-

change. A small defalcation in a bank always

Net gold on hand . . . \$215,409,859 \$212,781,080 Dec. \$2,718,779 51,380,911 51,367,306 Dec. 13,605 hand . . . 51,880,911 51,387,306 Dec. 18,600 Net legal ten-ders on h'nd 28,245,093 28,408,678 Inc. 161,585 certificates . Deposits in banks . . . 6295,125,863 6292,555,064 Dec. 62,570,795 54,848,826 54,118,838 Dec. 729,988

\$349,374,689 \$346,673,902 Dec. \$8,300,781

April 2, 1888, 5730,544,600 782,452,300 148,640 14,000,000 64,623,512 11,198,526 7,565,844 . \$1,052,062,678 \$1,045,765,106 \$2,688,795 171,557 Principal..... \$2,860,352 Debt Bearing no Interest. Old demand and lecal-tender \$346,787,956 8.915,000 6.941,961 91,953,949 191,526,445

Principal..... \$646.074.411 \$658.222.242 Total Debi.\$1,690,627,958 \$1,699,097,159 11,370,182 7,736,218

Total......\$1,701,897,440 \$1,700,833.877 Total deduction \$511,029,285 \$525,200,52\$ Debt less cash in the Treas-1,190,868,155 \$1,181,632,656 Total unavailable cash..... \$25,752,829 \$25,898,388

RAILEOAD EARNINGS.

CALIFORNIA SOUTHERN.

UNION PACIFIC.

Net earnings . \$088,405 \$1,094,419 \$1,127,246

Net earnings for three months 61.436,078 61.969,730 62,084,236 NORFOLK AND WESTERN. Jan 1 to March 31— 1887. 1888. Differences.
Net earnings from transportation 10,781 36,748 Inc. 26,013

Surplus for three menths \$83,038 \$208,083 Inc. \$125,048 EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE FROM NEW-YORK For the week . 90,110,031 \$6,677,741 \$0,146,509 Proviously reported . 83,940,200 \$3,942,724 \$92,047,145 Total since Jan 1 . . £95,002,237 £99,020,465 £98,198,660 EUROPEAN FINANCIAL MARKETA

at 107 5-8, rejecting offers of \$600,000 4 1-2s at 107 3-4-making the total amount of purchases to date \$7,996,100. To-day's Washington Treasury LONDON, May 1.—To-day is the semi-annual sattling cay at the Bank of England, and is, therefore, a holiday on the Stock Exchange LONDON, May 1.—5 p. m.—Bar silver is quoted at 42 destatement partially reflects the Sub-Treasuries' payments of last week for purchased bonds; it shows per ounce.

Paris advices quote three per cont rentes at al france.

Paris advices quote three per cont rentes at al france.

Paris advices quote three per cont rentes at al france.

Paris advices quote three per cont rentes at al france. a decline of \$2,718,779 in the gold balance from The stock market to-day developed not only its

school because she was in delicate health. I have re her, signing her name to the receipt for it, and then I at once turned it over to her.

Q.—She has advanced you sums from time to time for Total sales of the day Q.—Have you ever employed the child in Spiritualism? squotion of 11 per cent from their contract price. I your personal expenses? A .-- Yes; whatever I asked for Q .- Nor in these miraculous pictures? A .- Never. GOVERNMENT BONDS. Erk Tribune:

By the chairman—Have you any writing of your agreement with O'Brien & Clark?

The witness (Charles Peterson)—I have a memorandum.

Q.—What is the nature of it? A.—it was something

the a letter.

Q.—Will you state what your recollection is of its contents?

Q.—Will you state what your recollection is of its contents?

Q.—How were they to get their pay?

Q.—How were they to get their pay?

Q.—They retained II per cent? A.—Yes, sir.

If the testimony has correctly reported, it is evident. Q .- What church did Lola attend? A .- Now and then The witness said he had paid the living expenses of U S 4s Reg...... 2.000......1264 his wife and himself from time to time, amounting Q.-How long since has she attended church? A .-Not for several months, but we have long read the Bible clothes and stage costumes, averaged 875 a week in our house. I am a member of Dr. Heber Newton's during his engagement with Miss Davenport's troupe. SALES AT THE CONSOLIDATED STOCK AND His engagement lasted eight weeks beginning on March Q .- Are you married to "General" Diss Debar1 A .-PETROLEUM EXCHANGE. This ended the testimony for the "Princess," Q .- Your expenses for yourself and wife being as you 24 orand R and Ind 244 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 0 0 107 244 2,000 984 0 0 0 0 0 1 107 244 Ind B and West'n 1000 1 100 If this testimeny be correctly reported, it is evident that Chark & O'Brien have, in contravention of the express terms of their contract, sublet section 12 to Charles Peter-This ended the testimony for the "Princess."

General Diss Debar took the stand and corroborated her testimony in some particulars, but without saying anything of interest. After he was excused Judge Kilbreth remanded the children into the custody of the society for the present. The Diss Debars were taken back to the Tombs. Mr. Marsh was not present. Open- | High- | Low- | Clos- | Share ing. | est. | est. | ing. | sold have testified, 875 a week, you saved at least 875 out of your salary. What was done with that? A.-I did not save that. As I have said all my salary belonged to my wife under the assignment I made to her, and I presume that all that was saved out of the salary she sent to her mother, in Oakland, California, for the \$1,000 she had son, and that they get 11 per cent of the process of members without rendering any valuable service therefore the the city. It seems to me that this money belongs to the city and not to O'Brien & Clark. I am informed that similar arrangements exist as to other sections contracted for by O'Brien & Clark, and possibly by other contractors. were taken back to the Tombs. Mr. Marsh was not present.

Mr. Hummel got from Justice Kilbreth early in the morning a writ to prevent the Diss Debars from reasining their liberty by giving ball. If they succeed in getting bondsmen before their trial they will be arrested on a charge of grand larceny. Messrs. Townsend and Boyd have sent a letter to William J. C. Berry, foreman of the Grand Jury, asking him to consider certain facts. This suggestion is made because "they know that the testimony taken before the committing magistrate was garbled by the press." Mr. Berry is asked to call Mr. Marsh before him or read Mr. Marsh's testimony before Justice Kilbreth. Mr. Mordaunt said he paid \$150 for two costumes for by O'Brien & Clark, and possibly by other contractors. It is not creditable to the members of the Aqueduct Commission if the contracts made by them have been openly richated, without any protest on their part, and I desire you to consider the question how far the Commissioners may be personally liable for the money which may have been Afterward his wife sold one to Mr. Price for \$75. His wife had the other. He went on.
I had pasts jewelry which cost about 85 altogether I am in no employment at all now. I have no property of any kind, no jewelry or anything. My wife has a watch she sometimes lets me wear when I want to PRESIDENT BARNARD'S HEALTH.